

United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois

Name of Assigned Judge or Magistrate Judge		Milton I	. Shadur	Sitting Judge if Other than Assigned Judge						
CASE NUMBER		04 C	2685	DATE	4/16/2	2004				
CASE TITLE		USA vs. Andrew Traeger								
[In the following box (a) indicate the party filing the motion, e.g., plaintiff, defendant, 3rd party plaintiff, and (b) state briefly the nature of the motion being presented.]										
DOCKET ENTRY:										
(1)	☐ Filed motion of [use listing in "Motion" box above.]									
(2)	□ Brief	Brief in support of motion due								
(3)	□ Answ	Answer brief to motion due Reply to answer brief due								
(4)	□ Rulin	Ruling/Hearing on set for at								
(5)	☐ Status	Status hearing[held/continued to] [set for/re-set for] on set for at								
(6)	☐ Pretri	Pretrial conference[held/continued to] [set for/re-set for] on set for at								
(7)	☐ Trial[Trial[set for/re-set for] on at								
(8)	☐ [Bend	[Bench/Jury trial] [Hearing] held/continued to at								
(9)		This case is dismissed [with/without] prejudice and without costs[by/agreement/pursuant to] □ FRCP4(m) □ Local Rule 41.1 □ FRCP41(a)(1) □ FRCP41(a)(2).								
[Other docket entry] Enter Memorandum Order. Traeger's "ground one" as set out in Motion ¶14.A is summarily dismissed in accordance with Rule 4(b). The United States Attorney is ordered to file an answer or other pleading (again see Rule 4(b)) on or before May 28, 2004. At that time this court will be in a better position to determine the course of further proceedings, including the possibility of appointing counsel for Traeger as he has also requested. [For further detail see order attached to the original minute order.]										
	No notices required,	advised in open court.		·		Document Number				
	No notices required.				number of notices	Number				
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Notified counsel by telephone. Docketing to mail notices.			APR 1 de docketed							
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

UNITED	STATES OF	AMERICA,)		
		Plaintiff,)		
3.5)	NT -	
v.)	No.	04 c 2685
ANDREW	TRAEGER,)		
)		
		Defendant.)		UUCKEIED
	MEMORAL	NDUM ORDI	<u>ER</u>	DOCKETED APR 1 9 2004	

Andrew Traeger ("Traeger") has just tendered a self-prepared 28 U.S.C. §2255 ("Section 2255") motion attacking his conviction on charges of bank robbery and attempted bank robbery, pursuant to which he is serving a 210-month sentence (which he also challenges). This Court has conducted the preliminary consideration called for by Rule 4(b) of the Rules Governing Section 2255 Proceedings for the United States District Courts, and this memorandum order reflects the results of that initial consideration.

Traeger advances three categories of grounds for relief, the first asserting that the sentence imposed on him by reason of his "career criminal" status is illegal and should be reduced, the second leveling several charges of misconduct on the part of the government and the third urging a number of respects in which he assertedly suffered ineffective assistance from more than one of his lawyers. Although the first of those contentions is incorrect on its face and may therefore be rejected out of hand,

1

the others call for a response from the United States Attorney to assist this Court in arriving at an appropriate disposition.

As for the "illegal sentence" claim, Traeger asserts in Motion ¶14.A that the State of Texas, where he committed and served substantial time for two felonies that played a role in causing him to be classified as a "career offender" under Sentencing Guideline ("Guideline") §4B1.1(a), have now been reclassified by Texas to a less serious category. But this Court need not look into whether Traeger is correct in that respect, for it is entirely irrelevant.

First, Guideline §4B1.2 expressly includes "burglary of a dwelling" within the "crime of violence" category that triggers the application of "career offender" status, and the cases are legion that teach that the concept of a "crime of violence" should be determined according to federal law and not state law (see, e.g., <u>United States v. Jones</u>, 335 F.3d 342 (7th Cir. 2000) as to the need to resort to federal law--and not state law--in construing other provisions of Guideline §§4B1.1 and 4B1.2). Relatedly, <u>Taylor v. United States</u>, 495 U.S. 575 (1990) teaches, in another area of the criminal law where "violent felony" plays a part (18 U.S.C. §924, which also implements the concept of "career offenders"), that "burglary" is to be given a broad generic meaning as a matter of federal law, independent of the labels attached by state laws and of the common law roots of that

crime. Accordingly, Traeger's "ground one" as set out in Motion ¶14.A is summarily dismissed in accordance with Rule 4(b).

As for the rest of Traeger's claims, this Court has not of course retained the bulky file that was the product of the extensive pretrial and trial proceedings and of Traeger's subsequent unsuccessful appeal. It may well be that some or all of Traeger's contentions can be addressed without the evidentiary hearing that he has requested, but to determine that this Court should hear in the first instance from the United States Attorney by way of an appropriate response. Accordingly the United States Attorney is ordered to file an answer or other pleading (again see Rule 4(b)) on or before May 28, 2004. At that time this Court will be in a better position to determine the course of further proceedings, including the possibility of appointing counsel for Traeger as he has also requested.

Milton I. Shadur

Senior United States District Judge

Date: April 16, 2004